

Solution to the MILP example

(1)

Define x_1, x_2, \dots, x_7 as the amount of € invested in the different options. We have the following constraints

$$\sum_{i=1}^7 x_i = 500000$$

$$x_1 \leq 150000$$

$$x_2 \leq 150000$$

$$x_3 \leq 100000$$

$$x_4 + x_5 \geq 100000$$

$$x_6 + x_7 \geq 125000$$

$$x_6 \geq 0.4x_7$$

$$x_1 + x_4 \leq 250000$$

$$x_2 + x_5 \leq 200000$$

Apart from these constraints, we have logical constraints which require the introduction of binaries $\delta_1, \dots, \delta_8$

$$\delta_1 = 1 \iff x_1 > 0$$

$$\delta_2 = 1 \iff x_2 > 0$$

$$\delta_3 = 1 \iff x_3 > 0$$

$$\delta_4 = 1 \iff x_4 > 0$$

$$\delta_5 = 1 \iff x_5 > 0$$

$$\delta_6 = 1 \iff x_6 > 0$$

$$\delta_7 = 1 \iff x_7 > 0$$

$$\delta_8 = 1 \iff x_1 \geq 50000 \iff x_1 - 50000 \geq 0$$

In order to translate the logical expressions into inequality constraints we need to define upper and lower bounds on the quantities $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_1 - 50000$:

$$0 \leq x_1 \leq 150000, \quad 0 \leq x_2 \leq 150000, \quad 0 \leq x_3 \leq 100000, \quad 0 \leq x_4 \leq 250000$$

$$0 \leq x_5 \leq 200000, \quad 0 \leq x_6 \leq 500000, \quad 0 \leq x_7 \leq 500000, \quad -50000 \leq x_1 - 50000 \leq 500000$$

Thanks to the bounds we can now write:

$$\delta_1 = 1 \iff x_1 > 0 \text{ is equivalent to } \begin{matrix} \delta_1 = 1 \rightarrow x_1 > 0 \\ \delta_1 = 0 \rightarrow x_1 \leq 0 \end{matrix} \quad x_1 \geq (0 - \epsilon)(1 - \delta_1) + \epsilon$$
$$x_1 \leq 150000 \delta_1$$

(2)

A similar formulation is obtained for all the other logical constraints. Summarizing and bringing all optimization variables to the left hand side one has:

$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon \delta_1 - x_1 &\leq 0 \\ x_1 - 150000 \delta_1 &\leq 0 \\ \epsilon \delta_2 - x_2 &\leq 0 \\ x_2 - 150000 \delta_2 &\leq 0 \\ \epsilon \delta_3 - x_3 &\leq 0 \\ x_3 - 100000 \delta_3 &\leq 0 \\ \epsilon \delta_4 - x_4 &\leq 0 \\ x_4 - 250000 \delta_4 &\leq 0 \\ \epsilon \delta_5 - x_5 &\leq 0 \\ x_5 - 200000 \delta_5 &\leq 0 \\ \epsilon \delta_6 - x_6 &\leq 0 \\ x_6 - 500000 \delta_6 &\leq 0 \\ \epsilon \delta_7 - x_7 &\leq 0 \\ x_7 - 500000 \delta_7 &\leq 0 \\ 50000 \delta_8 - x_1 &\leq 0 \\ x_1 - (100000 + \epsilon) \delta_8 &\leq 50000 - \epsilon \end{aligned}$$

On top of the constraints which translate the link between $\delta_1, \dots, \delta_8$ and their validity cases, we have the last 5 investment constraints

$$\sum_{i=1}^7 \delta_i \leq 6$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^7 \delta_i \geq 1$$

$$\delta_1 + \delta_3 \leq 1$$

$$\delta_4 - \delta_8 \leq 0$$

$$\delta_2 - \delta_5 = 0$$

In order to complete the translation, define

$x = [x_1 \ x_2 \ \dots \ x_7 \ \delta_1 \ \dots \ \delta_7 \ \delta_8]^T$ and rewrite the constraints as $A\bar{x} = b$ where \bar{x} contains x and all the necessary slack variables to translate the inequality

constraints into equality constraints.

③

Please also compute the vector c in order to express the cost function as $c^T \bar{x}$.

Finally, the MILP will be formulated as

$$\begin{aligned} \max \quad & c^T \bar{x} \\ & A \bar{x} = b \\ & \delta_1, \dots, \delta_8 \in \{0, 1\} \\ & x_1, \dots, x_7, s_1, \dots \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Please compute explicitly
 \bar{x}, c, A, b